

CH-46E Sea Knight - 1979

United States

Type: Transport
Min Speed: 55 kt
Max Speed: 150 kt
Commissioned: 1979
Length: 13.9 m
Wingspan: 4.5 m
Height: 5.1 m
Crew: 3
Empty Weight: 6287 kg
Max Weight: 11000 kg
Max Payload: 3000 kg
Propulsion: 2x T58-GE-16



Sensors / EW: - AN/APR-39(V)2 - (USN/USMC) ESM, RWR, Radar Warning Receiver, Max range: 222.2 km

Weapons / Loadouts:

- 245 USG Ferry Tank - Drop Tank.
 - Cargo [Air Drop, 1.5 tons] - Cargo.
 - Marine Infantry - Troops.
 - Cargo [Air Drop, 3 tons] - Cargo.
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OVERVIEW: The Boeing Vertol CH-46 Sea Knight is a medium-lift tandem rotor transport helicopter powered by twin turbine engines. It is used by the United States Marine Corps (USMC) to provide all-weather, day-or-night assault transport of combat troops, supplies and equipment. Additional tasks include combat support, search and rescue (SAR), support for forward refueling and rearming points, CASEVAC and Tactical Recovery of Aircraft and Personnel (TRAP).

The Sea Knight was also the U.S. Navy's standard medium-lift utility helicopter until it was phased out in favor of the MH-60S Knighthawk in the early 2000s. Canada also operated the Sea Knight, designated as CH-113, and operated them in the SAR role until 2004. Other export customers include Japan, Sweden, and Saudi Arabia. The commercial version is the BV 107-II, commonly referred to simply as the "Vertol".

DETAILS: The CH-46 has tandem counter-rotating rotors powered by two GE T58 turboshaft engines. The engines are mounted on each side of the rear rotor pedestal with a driveshaft to the forward rotor. The engines are coupled so either could power both rotors in an emergency. The rotors feature three blades and can be folded for on-ship operations. The CH-46 has fixed tricycle landing gear, with twin wheels on all three units. The gear configuration causes a nose-up stance to facilitate cargo loading and unloading. The main gear are fitted in rear sponsons that also contain fuel tanks

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with a total capacity of 350 US gallons (1,438 L).

The CH-46 has a cargo bay with a rear loading ramp that could be removed or left open in flight for extended cargo or for parachute drops. An internal winch is mounted in the forward cabin and can be used to pull external cargo on pallets into the aircraft via the ramp and rollers. A belly sling hook (cargo hook) which is usually rated at 10,000 lb (4,500 kg). could be attached for carrying external cargo. Although the hook is rated at 10,000 lb (4,500 kg)., the limited power produced by the engines precludes the lifting of such weight. It usually has a crew of three, but can accommodate a larger crew depending on mission specifics. For example, a Search and Rescue variant will usually carry a crew of five (Pilot, Co-Pilot, Crew Chief, Swimmer, and Medic) to facilitate all aspects of such a mission. A pintle-mounted 0.50 in (12.7 mm) Browning machine gun is mounted on each side of the helicopter for self-defense. Service in southeast Asia resulted in the addition of armor with the guns.

TYPE: Medium-Lift Tandem Rotor Transport Helicopter.

SPECIFICATIONS: Crew: (2) pilots, (1) crew chief, (1) aerial gunner/observer, (1) tail gunner || Capacity: (24) troops or (15) stretchers with (2) attendants or 2270 kg (5,000 lb) || Length: 44 ft 10 in fuselage (13.66 m) || Fuselage width: 7 ft 3 in (2.2 m) || Rotor diameter: 50 ft (15.24 m) || Height: 16 ft 9 in (5.09 m) || Max. takeoff weight: 24,300 lb (11,000 kg) || Powerplant: (2) General Electric T58-GE-16 turboshafts, 1,870 shp (1,400 kW) each.

PERFORMANCE: Max Speed: 166 mph (144 knots, 267 km/h) || Range: 633 mi (550 nmi, 1,020 km) || Ferry range: 690 mi (600 nmi, 1,110 km) || Service ceiling: 17,000 ft (5,180 m) || Rate of climb: 1,715 ft/min (8.71 m/s).

SENSORS: AN/APR-39 Radar Warning Receiver.

ARMAMENT: (2) door-mounted GAU-15/A .50 BMG (12.7 x 99 mm) machine guns (optional) || (1) ramp-mounted M240D 7.62 x 51 mm machine gun (optional).

SOURCE: [SCO] Wikipedia <http://en.wikipedia.org>